

2022-23 BANGLADESH DEVELOPMENT PROGRAM PROGRESS REPORTING

PROGRESS AGAINST COVID-19 DEVELOPMENT RESPONSE PLAN RESULTS INDICATORS

Health Security

Key Results Indicators	Progress/Result
Number of women, men, girls, and boys provided with emergency assistance (excluding Cox's Bazar District)	In 2022, the International Federation of Red Cross and Red Crescent Societies and the Bangladesh Red Crescent Society reached a total of 204,254 people across Bangladesh with emergency assistance to respond to COVID-19, including provision of cash transfers, food, and health and psychosocial support. ¹
Number of vulnerable Rohingya and host community women, men, girls, and boys provided with lifesaving assistance in crisis situations	In 2022, Australia's humanitarian partners reached 1,421,347 Rohingya refugees and host community members (women: 725,448; men: 404,806; other: 723; unknown: 290,370); persons with disability: 18,580) in Cox's Bazar and Bhasan Char with emergency assistance. This included health, protection, and gender-based violence (GBV) support, water, hygiene and sanitation, food security, and basic education services.
Number of Rohingya and local Bangladeshis in Cox's Bazar benefiting from improved water and hygiene activities	In 2022, Australian humanitarian partners ² reached 424,096 Rohingya refugees and host community members (women: 190,421; men: 152,884; unknown: 80,791) with water, sanitation, and hygiene support in Cox's Bazar. ³

¹ Results calculated using a slightly different methodology to 2021, due to shift in the partners' collection of 2022 results.

² Including the Australian Humanitarian Partnership, BRAC, International Organisation for Migration, UNHCR, UNICEF and UN Women

³ Partner-level results reporting from the 2022 calendar year. Results overlap with results reported against the indicator 'number of Rohingya provided with Lifesaving Assistance' above.

Stability

Key Results Indicators	Progress/Result
Strengthened governance systems for social protection (including examples of assistance provided and significant policy change achieved)	Through the United Nations Development Program, Australia is building the capacity of ministries to implement reforms to Bangladesh's social security system. The reporting period saw progress towards expanding the elderly and disability pensions and dialogues between the Government of Bangladesh and non-state actors to support a more inclusive and accessible social security system.
Bangladesh is supported with technical advice on building capacity for food security (including examples of assistance provided and results achieved)	The Australian Centre for International Agricultural Research and the Commonwealth Scientific and Industrial Research Organisation in partnership with local research organisations implemented two projects reaching 10,000 farmers to improve productivity and profitability of dry season cropping in southern Bangladesh.
Number of additional girls and boys enrolled in school	265,010 additional school enrolments, with 259,400 children (58 per cent girls and 3.4 per cent students with a disability) enrolled in Building Resources Across Communities (BRAC) run schools and 5,610 (43 per cent girls and 5.4 per cent students with disabilities) in Underprivileged Children's Educational Programs (UCEP) schools.
Examples of young women empowered to influence policies, regulations, and norms which obstruct the rights and potential of all women	In partnership with BRAC, Australia is supporting vulnerable women in Bangladesh to gain greater access to resources, decision making and economic independence. Women survivors of GBV were provided with legal, medical, and counselling services. BRAC's advocacy to strengthen the public prosecution system to better address violent crime against women continued.
Number of Rohingya and host community children reached with basic education services (primary school or emergency basic learning)	In 2022 Australian humanitarian partners (including the Australian Humanitarian Partnership, BRAC, the United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees and the United Nations Children's Fund) provided 33,143 Rohingya refugee and host communities with basic education services in Cox's Bazar. Partners trained volunteer Rohingya teachers, created safe learning spaces for children, and encouraged increased participation of adolescent girls and out-of-school children. ⁴

⁴ Partner-level results reporting from the 2022 calendar year. Results overlap with those reported against the indicator 'number of Rohingya provided with Lifesaving Assistance' above.

Economic Recovery

Key Results Indicators	Progress/Result
Number of young women and men supported through skills training and experience	37,530 young men and women provided with skills training and on-the-job-experience, with 34,693 (43 per cent women and 5.3 per cent of people with a disability) receiving skills training from BRAC and 2,837 (35.4 per cent women and 5 per cent people with disabilities) receiving skills training from UCEP.
Examples of private sector, including women entrepreneurs, provided with financial and/or business development services	2,880 women entrepreneurs received training on entrepreneurship and enterprise management and were provided with business inputs and market linkage support through Australia's support to World Vision Bangladesh.
Specific activities for the promotion of trade and investment opportunities between Australia and Bangladesh	This year the design of the Bangladesh Economic Engagement Program was completed. As part of our broader bilateral engagement on trade and investment, work commenced on an Australia/Bangladesh trade study. Bangladesh officials also participated in training on Australia's trade policies and regulatory requirements for agricultural imports, and meetings between Australian wool and energy producers with industry and business in Bangladesh.

Investment Performance ratings

Investment Details	Year	Effectiveness	Efficiency	Gender Equality
The Strategic Partnership Arrangement with BRAC Phase III	2023	5	5	5
Investment duration: 2020-2026; Budget: \$85m	2022	NA	NA	NA
Social Security Policy Support Programme	2023	4	4	4
Investment duration: 2021-2023; Budget: \$4m	2022	4	4	4

Final Investment Performance ratings

Investment Details	Year	Effectiveness	Efficiency	Gender Equality
Skills for Economic Growth and Prosperity Phase I	2023 FIMR	4	5	4
Investment duration: 2019-2022; Budget: \$14.7m	2022 IMR	4	5	4

Humanitarian Investment Performance ratings

Investment Details	Year	Effectiveness	Efficiency	Gender Equality
Bangladesh Rohingya and Host Community Humanitarian Package	2023 HIMR	5	5	5
Investment duration ⁵ : 2020-2022; Budget: \$70m in 2022-23	2022 HIMR	5	5	4
Bangladesh COVID-19 Response	2023 HIMR	4	4	1
Investment duration: 2021-2022; Budget: \$5 million	2022 HIMR	4	4	3

Definitions of rating scale:

Satisfactory (4, 5 and 6)

6 = Very good; satisfies criteria in all areas.

5 = Good; satisfies criteria in almost all areas.

4 = Adequate; on balance, satisfies criteria; does not fail in any major area.

Less than satisfactory (1, 2 and 3)

3 = Less than adequate; on balance does not satisfy criteria and/or fails in at least one major area.

2 = Poor; does not satisfy criteria in major areas.

1 = Very poor; does not satisfy criteria in many major area.

⁵ Rohingya and Host Communities Humanitarian Package extended.