PART VI

REVISED SECTOR GOALS, STRATEGIES & MILESTONES

ECONOMIC SECTORS

| Macroeconomic manage | Macroeconomic management | | | |
|-----------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| Goal: A stable macroeconon | nic environment conducive to private investment established | | | |
| Key Performance Indicators: | Budget surplus as percent of GDP | | | |
| | Government spending as percent of GDP | | | |
| | Government debt as percentage of GDP | | | |
| | Debt service as a percentage of exports of goods and services (MDG) | | | |
| | Consumer price inflation | | | |
| | Percent below national poverty line (localized MDG) | | | |
| | Growth rate of GDP per person employed (MDG) | | | |
| | Employment-to-population ratio (MDG) | | | |

| Strategies | Short-term Milestones 2012 | Medium-term Milestones 2015 | Long-term Milestones 2025 | Responsibility |
|--|---|---|---|-----------------------------------|
| Responsible management of Government's budget including aid programs | Budget surplus achieved | Budget surpluses and increased domestic investment levels maintained | Government finances managed according to principles of responsible fiscal management. | Department of Finance |
| | Financial management legislation, regulation and policy reviewed and reformed. Resolve preparation of, and produce, past years Government accounts. | Financial management reforms fully operational | | Department of Finance |
| | Aid Budget integrated into annual Budget process National budget (including aid programs) aligned to NSDS goals and strategies. More aid flows directed to investment instead of operating cost subsidies. | Domestic revenues comprise an increased percentage of the total budget. Percentage of aid devoted to operating cost subsides decreased and percentage devoted to investment increased | | Department of Finance DPPD/AMU |

| Strategies | Short-term Milestones 2012 | Medium-term Milestones 2015 | Long-term Milestones 2025 | Responsibility |
|--|---|---|--|----------------------------------|
| Introduction of a broad based revenue system which is efficient, equitable, simple, reliable, transparent and aligned to international norms. | Broad based goods and services tax introduced Revenue office (including customs) expanded and value of uncollected revenue reduced | Initiatives to broaden the domestic revenue based are implemented. Reduction in the value of uncollected revenue | | Department of Finance/Customs |
| Development of a coherent strategy to deal with Government debt. | Strategy developed and adopted and Government debt write off or repayment commenced. Government borrowing restricted to projects that will expand Nauruan economy. | Total level of outstanding government debt reduced through debt forgiveness or repayment. | Total level of outstanding government debt reduced through debt, forgiveness or repayment. | Department of Finance |
| Implement reforms (including to SOEs) to achieve a small and efficient public sector which contributes to and does not crowd out private sector. | Strategies developed to reduce the size of the public sector to comparable levels in the region. | Public sector reduced to comparable levels in the region, providing that alternative livelihoods are available. | Ratio of private sector spending to government sector spending is increased. | Department of Finance |
| | Reform plans to improve efficiency of all SOEs developed and implementation commenced. SOE accounts produced SOE dividend policy implemented and increased SOE dividends paid. Dividends paid by more SOEs. Increased provision of goods and services by the private sector which are currently provided by the public sector. | SOEs meet rate of return requirements Accounts regularly produced and audited Increased SOE dividends paid from more SOEs SOEs operate at arms length from government. | SOEs operate efficiently with improved services and products. | Department of Finance |
| Reform of Trust fund arrangements including the establishment of a new Public Trust Fund (the Nauru Intergenerational Fund) | NPRT assets and liabilities determined and transferred to new Landowner Fund. Governance arrangements implemented for new Landowner Fund with professional funds management. | New Landowner Fund providing sustainable annual payment to beneficiaries. | | Department of Finance |

| Strategies | Short-term Milestones 2012 | Medium-term Milestones 2015 | Long-term Milestones 2025 | Responsibility |
|---|---|---|--|-----------------------|
| | Complete negotiations with donors to set up a new Government Trust Fund (provisionally called the Nauru Intergenerational Trust Fund) to supplement the National Budget. New Fund operating with international standard governance and management | | Nauru Intergenerational Trust Fund capital growing sufficiently to enable adequate supplementary funds for the National Budget from 2030. | Department of Finance |
| Development of a coherent planning process for Nauru's economic and social development. | Policy Development and Implementation Framework fully implemented. NSDS progress monitored on an annual basis against Milestones and Key Performance Indicators. Development planning and aid management capacity enhanced. Operational plans developed for all sectors and aligned to the NSDS. Development partner coordination framework approved and operational. | Major review and update of the NSDS completed. | Adherence to Paris/Pacific principles on development effectiveness. | DPPD/AMU |
| | Major economic and social indicators for Nauru prepared and key indicators regularly published. Benchmark indicators of GDP, BOP, Demographics, HIES, Prices and Wages compiled. | Indicators updated regularly and published. | Statistics and indicators mainstreamed in ALL strategic planning and policy making. | Statistics |
| | Review completed to strengthen statistical legislation, frameworks and capacity. Action Plan on National Accounts developed. | Revised statistical legislation and frameworks approved and implemented. Capacity improved. | Full compliance with new statistical legislation, framework and calendar. | Statistics |
| Maintain price stability through price control in monopoly areas through the <i>Prices Regulation Act (2008)</i> | Price inflation consistent with trading partner inflation. | | | Department of Finance |

Agriculture

Goal: Increased level of domestic agricultural production aimed at addressing food security and healthy livelihoods

Key Performance Indicators:

Value of agricultural and livestock food imports Value of domestic agricultural and livestock production Proportion of land area covered by forest (MDG)

| Strategies | Short-term Milestones 2012 | Medium-term Milestones 2015 | Long-term Milestones 2025 | Responsibility |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| Develop local food and agricultural production initiatives such as kitchen gardens, fruit tree planting and root cropping | At least one nursery established and successfully functional providing seedlings and technical assistance to individual and community farmers (ROC) 10 percent of HH have successfully operating kitchen gardens with water storage supported(FAO) | 30 percent of average Nauruan diet sourced from locally produced food (fruit trees e.g. breadfruit, banana, mango, pawpaw and vegetables and root crops) 30% of HH successfully growing and producing root crops (sweet potato, cassava and taro) supported through SPC DSAP programs 30 percent of HH have successfully established and operating kitchen gardens with water storage | Over 70 percent of average Nauruan diet sourced from locally produced food Over 70 percent of HH successfully growing and producing root crops 20 percent of agricultural food sale in the market sourced from domestic food production Over 70% of HH have successfully established and operating kitchen gardens with water storage | Department of Agriculture |
| Promote production of value added forestry and agro- forestry products for domestic consumption | A forest management plan developed | Forest management plan implemented starting with reforestation of the mined areas | Reforestation of the mined areas 15 percent completed Commercially viable forestry and agro- forestry products identified and associated business plans developed | Departments of Agriculture and Environment and NRC |
| Promote commercially viable piggeries, duck and poultry (egg production) and agricultural businesses | At least one new piggery or poultry farm business established and operating commercially in each district community | The community in each district has an average of 2 new piggery or poultry businesses established and operating commercially 15 percent of local demand for pork and poultry products met from local production | Over 70 per cent of local demand for pork and poultry products met from local production | Department of Agriculture |
| Set up a resource centre on agricultural and livestock production | A resource centre on agricultural and livestock production established providing technical advice, pamphlets, manuals to farmers and community | Over 50 percent of farmers regularly used the resource centre | Over 75 percent of farmers regularly used the resource centre | Department of Agriculture |

Fisheries

Goal: Enhance development and sustainable management of marine and fisheries resources to provide sustainable economic returns

Key Performance Indicators: Contribution of fisheries to GDP Value of fishing licenses and access fees Proportion of fish stocks within safe biological limits (MDG)

| Strategies | Short-term Milestones 2012 | Medium-term Milestones 2015 | Long-term Milestones 2025 | Responsibility |
|---|--|---|--|--|
| Strengthen institutional capacity of Nauru Fisheries and Marine Resources Authority (NFMRA) | NFMRA Corporate Plan 2009-12 implemented Fisheries Act updated | NFMRA effectively providing leadership, guidance and assistance on developing and managing fisheries resources NFMRA infrastructure improved and consolidated on one site | Nauru fishery resources not over- exploited through effective management of the resources | NFMRA |
| Maximize sustainable economic returns | Foreign licensing revenue per fishing day increased in real terms by 2012 from 2008 levels | Maximized sustainable economic yield from marine and fisheries resources | Nauru derived maximum possible sustainable benefit from its living natural marine resources | NFMRA |
| Promote private-sector led development of commercial fisheries | Potential niche small-scale high quality fishing and processing export enterprises identified Recreational use of marine resources (e.g. game fishing) investigated | Business profiles for establishing commercial fishing enterprises developed and potential joint-venture partnerships with investors explored | Private sector and / or community fisheries business enterprises operating profitably | NFMRA and Department of Commerce and NPBSO |
| Promote development of aquaculture production | Current 5-year national aquaculture plan reviewed and implemented Legislative and regulatory framework for aquaculture development scoped and developed | Legislative and regulatory framework for aquaculture development adopted and implemented | A well established and functional aquaculture sector | NFMRA |
| Sustainably utilize marine resources to increase food security and alternative livelihoods | Feasibility study conducted on new fishery and fishing techniques, including traditional fishing methods | Business profiles/plans for development of new fishery and fishing techniques completed and implementation started | Regular Nauru protein diet sourced primarily from domestic marine and fish products | NFMRA |
| Ensure sustainable practices are implemented to safeguard the marine biodiversity and ecosystems | Design through participatory consultation development of marine protected area (MPA) networks Capacity development and training on use of ecosystems approach and other conservation planning tools conducted | Develop legal and regulatory framework to support the MPA Implement ecosystems approach to coastal fisheries management | Marine biodiversity and ecosystems protected through MPA and wide use of relevant conservation planning techniques | NFMRA and Department of Environment |

| Strategies | Short-term Milestones 2012 | Medium-term Milestones 2015 | Long-term Milestones 2025 | Responsibility |
|--|---|---|--|----------------|
| Eliminate illegal, unregulated and unreported (IUU) fishing | Implement national plan of action for combating IUU fishing Implement national observer program | Substantial reduction in IUU fishing At least 20 observer trips conducted per annum | IUU fishing in Nauru EEZ eliminated Nauru EEZ under full and effective surveillance | NFMRA |
| Develop sound scientific information on coastal marine resources | Research capacity of NFMRA strengthened through partnerships with regional and international research institutions | Research plans for resources assessment capacity developed and training conducted for NFMRA staff | Sustainable utilization of coastal marine resources based on scientific research and development | NFMRA |

Mining and Quarrying

Goal: Efficient and effective use of mining and quarrying resources

| Key Performan | nce Indicators: | Value of phosphate exports |
|---------------|-----------------|---|
| | | Value of other mining and quarrying exports |
| | | Hectares of land rehabilitated |

| Strategies | Short-term Milestones 2012 | Medium-term Milestones 2015 | Long-term Milestones 2025 | Responsibility |
|--|---|---|--|-------------------------------|
| Restructure and refurbish mining infrastructure and invest in additional heavy mining equipment to ensure capacity of 1mt per annum. Creation of the maintenance reserve fund. | Phosphate exports at 600,000 mt per annum or higher. At least \$5m dividend paid to Government after payment of cash and trust fund royalties to land owners. \$2m set aside in maintenance reserve fund. Moorings overhaul/replacement complete. | Phosphate exports at 800,000 mt per annum or higher. At least \$10m dividend paid to Government after maintenance fund and royalties paid. Finish payment of all pending salaries and wages and other debts. NRC self funding from operations. | Phosphate exports at 1,000,000 mt per annum or higher. | NRC/RONPHOS Ports |
| Transparent and accountable reports on all shipment of exports (phosphate, aggregates, pinnacles, phosphate tiles, fisheries) | Monthly reports produced and publicised | | | NRC/RONPHOS Finance GIO |
| Development of viable value- added opportunities for phosphate and by products of phosphate mining and rehabilitation work. | Viable opportunities determined such as the use of limestone for landscaping and building industry locally and for export, and the possibility of a joint venture in phosphate value added operation offshore. | Viable value added opportunities in operation. | Significant additional export revenues generated from value added opportunities. | NRC/RONPHOS |
| Rehabilitation of mined land. | Trials completed, Work Plan signed off with AusAID, equipment purchased and 10ha rehabilitated. | Reclamation of 124ha of land for agricultural production and 1.5ha nursery | 300ha catchment on NW of the island developed including 34.5ha reservoir and 140ha conservation area | NRC |

Commerce, Industry and Business Development

Goal: Promote development of small and micro enterprises, foreign investment and economic integration into the global economy

Key Performance Indicators:

Private sector contribution to GDP Private sector employment growth Value of total remittances income

| Strategies | Short-term Milestones 2012 | Medium-term Milestones 2015 | Long-term Milestones 2025 | Responsibility |
|--|--|--|---|------------------------------------|
| Improve general business and investment environment | Legal, policy, regulatory requirements and procedures for business investment reviewed, strengthened and streamlined (e.g. business licensing and application requirements, insurance and credit facilities, labour, land, immigration, customs, etc) | Changes to relevant legislation, policy, regulations and procedures for business investment adopted Institutional strengthening and capacity to implement and enforce these regulatory requirements developed and maintained | Business community educated and knowledgeable about these regulatory requirements A growing and vibrant private sector | Department of Commerce |
| Promote development of small and micro enterprise (SME) businesses | A SME development plan that included identification of commercially viable cottage mini-industries and associated business profiles developed A Small Business Incubator established to provide advisory services and assistance to SMEs and prospective enterprises | SME development plan implemented and at least 2 new SMEs established and operating profitably Small Business Incubator operating effectively with over 20 businesses benefiting from its services | Private sector employment growth averages 5 percent per annum Private sector contribution to GDP increased by 10 percent per annum | Department of Commerce |
| Strengthen Nauru Island Private Business Sector Organization | NIPSO effectively operational with approved constitution and providing advisory services and technical assistance to its members | NIPSO micro-finance facility established and functional and benefiting its members | NIPSO membership covered more than 80 percent of all businesses and provided the main forum for promoting private sector interests | Department of Commerce |
| Encourage foreign investment | Foreign direct investment (FDI) policy and legal framework developed Joint business ventures with foreign investors promoted but subjected to established rigorous and transparent appraisal process (e.g. commercial tuna cannery or loining plant operation) | FDI legislation enacted and policy approved with appropriate measures adopted to enforce the Act and related regulations and policy FDI Unit established with appropriate staff capacity to facilitate potential FDI proposals Business community and prospective entrepreneurs educated on new regulatory requirements | New foreign investment operations or ventures established and maintained | Departments of Commerce & Trade |

| Strategies | Short-term Milestones 2012 | Medium-term Milestones 2015 | Long-term Milestones 2025 | Responsibility |
|---|---|--|--|------------------------------------|
| Enhance economic integration of Nauru into the regional and multilateral trading system | A national trade policy developed emphasizing labour mobility opportunities, taking advantage of PICTA, PACER and EPA Institutional strengthening and capacity for managing trade policy and trade agreements developed | A national trade policy approved and implemented Labour employment opportunities abroad expanded Commercially viable niche exportable products identified and developed | Significant increase in remittances from Nauru workers overseas Value of total exports increased | Departments of Commerce & Trade |

Tourism

Goal: Promote development of small-scale sustainable eco-tourism

Key Performance Indicators: Total number of visitor arrivals Total value of tourist expenditures in Nauru

| Strategies | Short-term Milestones 2012 | Medium-term Milestones 2015 | Long-term Milestones 2025 | Responsibility |
|--|---|---|---|--------------------------------------|
| Develop a tourism master development plan | Tourism master development plan developed, identifying potential eco- tourism challenges and opportunities | Tourism master development plan adopted and implementation commenced, emphasizing niche eco-tourism for example game fishing and heritage / historic sites | Small-scale niche eco-tourism business operations established and maintained Growth in total visitor numbers increased by 30 percent | Department of Tourism |
| Improve accessibility into Nauru for visitor arrivals | ERATEQUO information package developed and published that included legal and administrative entry requirements A website designed to promote Nauru as an alternative tourist destination established and maintained | Visitors arriving into Nauru more freely and facing minimal bureaucratic requirements Visitors able to access updated information about Nauru more readily and instantly | Nauru being promoted widely as an alternative tourist destination | Department of Tourism/Our Airline |

Financial Services

Goal: An effective, competitive and stable financial system that will enhance economic growth and development

Key Performance Indicators:

De-listing from FATF Blacklist maintained Presence of banking facilities on Nauru Presence of insurance services on Nauru

| Strategies | Short-term Milestones 2012 | Medium-term Milestones 2015 | Long-term Milestones 2025 | Responsibility |
|---|---|---|--|-----------------------|
| Draft and implement updated regulations for the financial services sector including training staff | Regulations drafted and implemented; staff trained Negotiate 12 Taxation Information Exchange Agreements (TIEAs) | Nauru taxation system compliant with all international (incl. HTPI) requirements | | Department of Finance |
| Establish Financial Intelligence Unit (FIU) including training of staff | FIU fully operational including trained staff | All financial activities to and from Nauru are linked up to the FIU, transactions reporting mandatory with advanced training | De-listing from the FATF Blacklist maintained | Justice |
| Establish private sector banking services | BON liquidated and pay-out schedule determined. Private bank established and operating in Nauru offering a range of banking services | | | Department of Finance |
| Establish viable commercial insurance services in Nauru. | Insurance needs of Nauru determined | Range of insurance service providers (incl. offshore) available | | Department of Finance |