

# AUSTRALIAN SPORTS OUTREACH PROGRAM — VANUATU

2011–2014 \$AU932,000

## INTERNATIONAL PRIORITIES

### Millennium Development Goals (MDGs)

*MDG 1: Eradicate extreme poverty and hunger*

- Increase employability through training and qualifications
- Reduce the double economic burden of NCDs
- Promote greater inclusion of persons with disabilities

*MDG 3: Promote gender equality and empower women*

- Encourage women's participation and leadership at all levels

*MDG 6: Combat HIV/AIDS, malaria and other diseases*

- Assist in the prevention and control of NCDs
- Increase awareness of disease (including HIV/AIDS and malaria, where relevant)

*MDG 8: Develop a global partnership for development*

- Address the priorities of small island states

### United Nations

- UN Convention on the Rights of the Child (1990), Article 31 'The child shall have full opportunity for play and recreation'
- UNESCO International Charter of Physical Education and Sport (1978), Article 1: 'The practice of physical education and sport is a fundamental right for all'
- UN Convention on the Rights of Persons with a Disability (2006), Article 30, 5: 'With a view to enabling persons with disabilities to participate on an equal basis with others in recreational, leisure and sports activities'
- UN General Assembly resolutions on Sport as a Means to Promote Education, Health, Development and Peace (2003, 2004, 2006)

### World Health Organization (WHO)

Moscow Declaration, First Global Ministerial Conference on Healthy Lifestyles and Noncommunicable Disease Control (April 2011)

### Other outcomes

Diplomacy/relationship building

## REGIONAL PRIORITIES

### Pacific Island Forum Secretariat

- Pacific Plan for Strengthening Regional Cooperation and Integrations (2005), Objectives 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10
- Pacific Regional Strategy on Disability 2010–2015

### WHO/Secretariat of the Pacific Community

2-1-22 Programme (2008), addressing the epidemic of NCDs in the Pacific region

### WHO Western Pacific Region

Seoul Declaration on Noncommunicable Disease Prevention and Control in the Western Pacific Region (March 2011)

### United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific (UNESCAP)

Biwako Millennium Framework for Action 2003–2012, promoting an inclusive, barrier-free and rights-based society for persons with disabilities in the Asia and Pacific region

## AUSTRALIAN AID PRIORITIES

### Partnership for Development

Priority Outcome 2: Improved health

### Other strategies

- 'Development for All: Towards an Inclusive Australian Aid Program 2009–2014', Core Outcomes 1 and 3
- 'An Effective Aid Program for Australia: Making a real difference — delivering real results'

## NATIONAL DEVELOPMENT PRIORITIES

- Plan Long, Action Short: Vanuatu Development Strategy, Priorities 2011: Health
- National Policy and Strategy for Non-Communicable Diseases (NCDs), 2010–2015
- National Disability Policy and Plan of Action, 2008–2015

## LOCAL DEVELOPMENT PRIORITIES

Health promotion through sport; women's participation, youth development; education and training; social cohesion

## PRIMARY PARTNER

Department of Youth Development, Sports and Training (DYDST)

## ASSOCIATED PARTNERS

- Ministry of Health (NCD Unit)
- Provincial government
- Save the Children (Vanuatu)
- Aniwa Community (Tafea Province)
- Sanma Frangipani Association
- Vanuatu Association of Sports and National Olympic Committee (VASANOC)
- National sports federations

## PURPOSE

Partner organisations assist identified organisations within Vanuatu to increase the engagement of young people in social development programs through their participation in sports-based activities

## THEORY OF CHANGE

A theory of change process will be undertaken to articulate the cause and effect, pre-conditions and assumptions underpinning the program's proposed change process

## ACTIVITIES

- Build the capacity of DYDST to build and maintain effective partnerships with implementing partners
- Assist DYDST to build the capacity of implementing partners to use sports-based activities as a means to engage with young people and increase their participation in programs that address locally identified development outcomes

## MONITORING AND EVALUATION

Framework developed and implemented as part of program management

## REPORTING

Regular reporting from community, program management, Government of Vanuatu, ASC, AusAID, Government of Australia

## DEVELOPMENT EFFECTIVENESS

### Paris/Accra

**Ownership:** Supporting priorities and outcomes identified by the partner country and local partners; helping to build partner capacity to exercise leadership.

**Alignment:** Aligns with partner government and Australian government priorities; uses country systems, including government budget and accounting mechanisms and procurement systems where possible; align with partners' capacity development objectives and strategies.

**Harmonisation:** Coordination of programs within existing systems; work collaboratively through joint strategies where possible.

**Managing for results:** Designs are outcomes-focused and flexible to suit local context; participatory planning and review methodologies are used to improve decision-making; M&E frameworks in place with a manageable number of indicators.

**Mutual accountability:** Provide timely and transparent information on budgets; joint assessment of mutual progress.